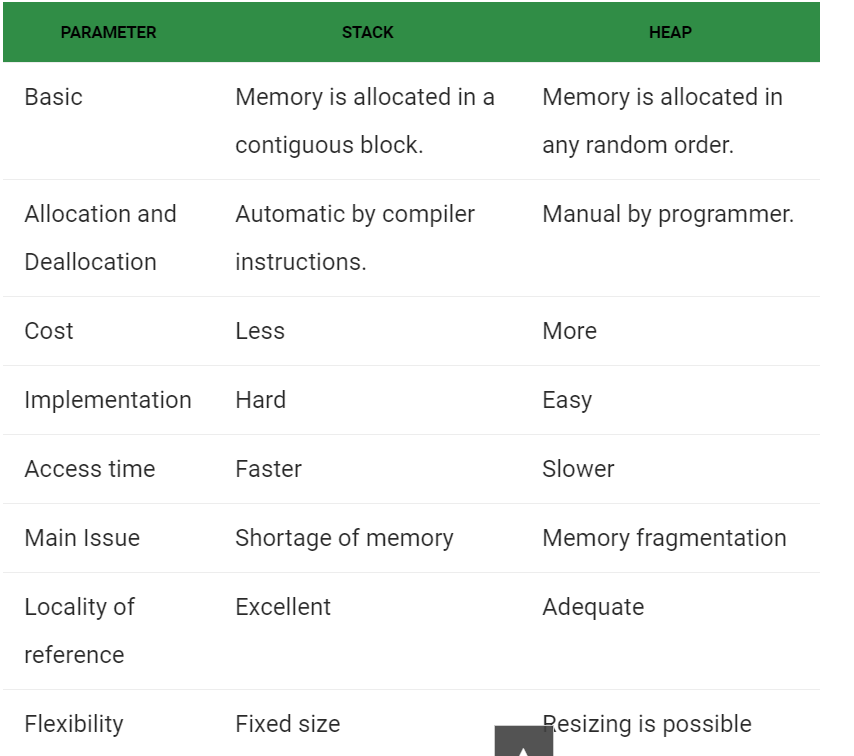
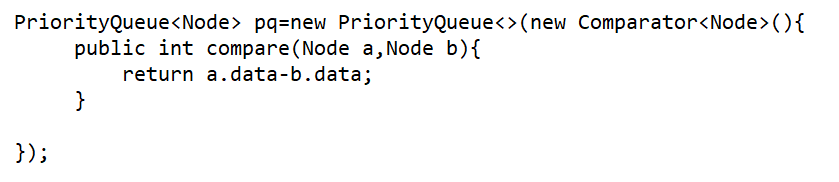
**Java**

**Break in nested loop java**



**Stack vs HEAP**



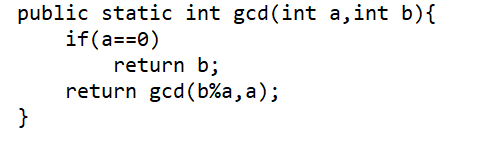


//// For string **– return a.compareTo(b); //ascending order**





**////GCD of 2 no:**



**a \* b = lcm \* gcd;**

**MCQ:**

1. Which of these packages contain all the collection classes?

**java.util**

2.Which of these methods deletes all the elements from invoking collection?

**clear()**

10.What will be the output of the following Java program?

**BitSet obj = new BitSet(5); 🡪** The BitSet class creates a special type of array that holds bit values. he BitSet array can increase in size as needed. This makes it similar to a vector of bits. This is a legacy class but it has been completely re-engineered in Java 2, version 1.4.

for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i)

obj.set(i);

obj.clear(2);

System.out.print(obj);

**{0, 1, 3, 4}**